



Nuremberg Moot Court 2023



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Nuremberg Principles

Principle I Any person who commits an act which constitutes a crime under international law is responsible therefore and liable to punishment.

Principle II The fact that internal law does not impose a penalty for an act which constitutes a crime under international law does not relieve the person who committed the act from responsibility under international law.

Principle III The fact that a person who committed an act which constitutes a crime under international law acted as Head of State or responsible Government official does not relieve him from responsibility under international law.

Principle IV The fact that a person acted pursuant to order of his Government or of a superior does not relieve him from responsibility under international law, provided a moral choice was in fact possible to him.

Principles V Any person charged with a crime under international law has the right to a fair trial on the facts and law.

Principle VI The crimes hereinafter set out are punishable as crimes under international law: Crimes against peace, War crimes, Crimes Against Humanity.

Principle VII Complicity in the commission of a crime against peace, a war crime, or a crime against humanity as set forth in Principle VI is a crime under international law.















About us

The International Nuremberg **Principles Academy**



foundation dedicated to the advancement of international criminal law and international criminal law and human rights education. The Nuremberg





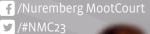
Research Unit of Erlangen-Nuremberg (FAU)



The International Criminal Law Professor Safferling and his team have a variety of research interests. Besides Friedrich-Alexander University European and international criminal law and the history of criminal law.

international community as well as legal scholarship, but it also endeavours to







Nuremberg Moot Court 2023

Dear Participants of the Nuremberg Moot Court 2023,

A very warm welcome to all participants of the Nuremberg Moot Court 2023! As President of the Advisory Council of the International Nuremberg Principles Academy, it gives me particular pleasure to acknowledge the overwhelming response for this year's competition, which has once again attracted a greater number of teams, representing all five continents. It is a remarkable demonstration of the international status of the competition. The Nuremberg Moot Court is unique in that it is held in Courtroom 600 - where international criminal law was applied for the very first time against major Nazi war criminals and lawyers and judges deliberated over the jurisprudence that emerged.

Every year, the Nuremberg Moot Court affords the opportunity for law students from across the world to present legal arguments in simulated exercises, exploring the intricacies of international criminal law and extending its reach over modern day challenges. In addition, the participants have the benefit of engaging with renowned judges and professional lawyers and prosecutors who serve in international courts and tribunals.

While gaining first hand practical experience and knowledge to advance their skills in the practice of international criminal law, students also develop common values on justice and accountability and build a fraternity of like-minded lawyers.

I wish you an enjoyable stay in Nuremberg and hope that you will truly benefit from everything the competition has to offer.

Best wishes to all of you in your future endeavours.





Welcome from the Bavarian Minister of State for Justice

At this year's Nuremberg Moot Court, young lawyers from all over the world will once again meet at Courtroom 600 of the Nuremberg Palace of Justice to put their theoretical knowledge of international criminal law into practice based on a fictitious case.

This is special for several reasons. The venue of the event is the birthplace of international criminal law. Almost eight decades ago, the Nuremberg trials took place in Courtroom 600. These stand for the successful reappraisal of inhuman injustice. In 1950, the international community for the first time, through the Nuremberg Principles, laid down the claim to end impunity of crimes under international law. The creation of the International Criminal Court by the Rome Statute is another milestone of international criminal law. It is a particular sign of international cohesion that the Rome Statute was adopted in 1998 and that the International Criminal Court was able to begin its work in 2002. The Russian war of aggression against Ukraine painfully shows us that compliance with elementary principles of international law can still not be taken for granted and that the commitment to effective international criminal law remains of central importance today.

It is therefore even more important and gratifying that many young lawyers from all over the world are interested in the legally demanding field of international criminal law.

Dear participants, you are the future representatives of the rule of law. With your commitment, you are already setting an example for international cooperation. I am convinced that you will all learn a lot – for your professional and personal future.

I wish all participants much joy and success!

Georg Eisenreich Member of the State Parliament



Welcome from the Lord Mayor of Nuremberg

I am very pleased to welcome all of you who are taking part in the Nuremberg Moot Court 2023. More than 100 young students from all corners of the world are coming together here in this historic environment for a few days to engage in legal contests on the subject of international criminal law. It is fitting that the opening event is taking place in Courtroom 600 of the Palace of Justice, a place that together with the subsequent Memorium Nuremberg Trials has hardly any equal as the birthplace of international criminal law.

We should never forget that Nuremberg was the city where the Nazis passed their so-called race laws. Nuremberg was the city where Nazi rallies fostered extremist propaganda for a reign of terror and injustice. Yet, Nuremberg was also in the end the place where Nazi criminals were to hear the verdict of their judges. It was here that the Nuremberg Principles came into being.

That young, liberally minded academics and future law practitioners should now be here to discuss fundamental questions of human rights and of international criminal law in matters such as war crimes and crimes against humanity, confirms our vision that Nuremberg is a city of peace and of human rights. Your being here, and what you all are here to undertake, is testimony to Nuremberg's resolve not merely to confront its own dark past, but to deal with it by remembering, by admonishing its repetition and by looking to the future.

Marcus König Lord Mayor of the City of Nuremberg



Programme of the Nuremberg Moot Court 2023

Wednesday, 19 July Opening 4 pm-5.30 pm **Registration** 5.30 pm –6.30 pm **Opening Speeches** Judge Stephan Husemann, Judge, Higher Regional Court of Nuremberg 7 pm Welcome Dinner at Tucher Mautkeller, Hallplatz 2 Thursday, 20 July Preliminary Round I 9 am-10.30 am Preliminary Round I 1.30 pm-3 pm Preliminary Round I 3.15 pm-4.45 pm Preliminary Round I Friday, 21 July Preliminary Round II 9 am-10.30 am Preliminary Round II 10.45 am-12.15 pm Preliminary Round II 1.30 pm-3 pm Preliminary Round II 3.15 pm-4.45 pm **Preliminary Round II** 6 pm Announcement of the results of the Preliminary Rounds Saturday, 22 July Last 16, Quarter-Finals, Semi-Finals and Final Round 9 am-10.30 am **Last 16** 1 pm-2.30 pm **Quarter-Finals** 5 pm-6.30 pm **Finals** 7pm Awards Ceremony 8 pm Optional Get Together (costs not included)

Venues

Memorium Nuremberg Trials/ Palace of Justice

Bärenschanzstraße 72, Nuremberg Subway Station: Bärenschanze, U1

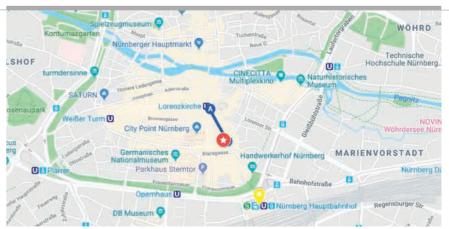




Tucher Mautkeller

Hallplatz 2, Nuremberg Subway Station: Lorenzkirche, U1





Tucher-Bräu am Opernhaus

Am Kartäusertor 1, Nuremberg Subway Station: Opernhaus U2/U3





Documentation Center Nazi Party Rally Grounds

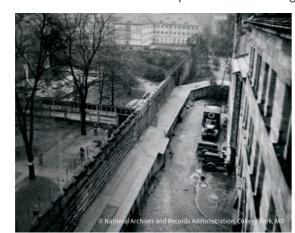
Bayernstraße 110, Nuremberg Tram Station: Doku-Zentrum, Tram 6, 8

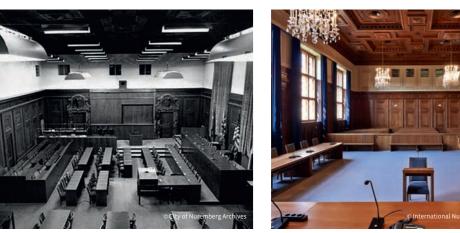




The Americans were very anxious to have the trial venue in their occupation zone. At the same time, the Nuremberg Palace of Justice, which had been inaugurated by the last Bavarian king, Ludwig III, in 1916, had remained largely undamaged during the war, and the adjacent prison building simplified the security measures which would be required.

For the trial, a wooden corridor was constructed, connecting the prison with the east wing of the Palace of Justice, and enabling safe transport of prisoners from their cells directly into the courtroom. In addition, a wide security zone was established around the premises containing the court buildings and prison.





Aerial view of the Nuremberg Palace of Justice in Winter 1945–46

Courtroom 600 after its refurbishment in 1945

Court Room 600 today

The fact that Nuremberg had been the City of the Nazi Party Rallies and of the Nuremberg Racial Laws added a particular symbolism to this choice of venue.

Major alterations were made to Courtroom 600 in preparation for the Trial of the Main War Criminals. The judges' bench was turned by 90 degrees, and thus positioned below the windows. The dock was enlarged, and numerous technical systems were installed. These included a system provided by IBM for simultaneous interpreting of the trial in four languages.

The largest alteration to the completely wood-panelled courtroom was the extension of the visitors' area. The back wall of the room was removed, and the lower part was extended as a press stand. In addition, an upper gallery was installed housing a separate visitors' area.

Until March 2020, Courtroom 600 was used as an ordinary courtroom. In March 2020, the Nuremberg Palace of Justice was extended to the west and more courtrooms were added. This has allowed Courtroom 600 to function as the central part of the exhibition of the Memorium Nuremberg Trials.

Participants of the Nuremberg Moot Court can visit the Memorium Nuremberg Trials for free.

The Judges



Judge Adelaide Sophie Reine Alapini-Gansou Judge, International Criminal Court (ICC); former Chair, African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights



Dr Salim Amin Policy Advisor on Human Rights and International Law, Friedrich-Naumann-Stiftung für die Freiheit



Ruby Mae Axelson Senior Legal Consultant, Global Rights Compliance; assigned to the Defence Team of Jovica Stanišić before the International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals (IRMCT)



Sarah Bafadhel Barrister, 9 Bedford Row Chambers; former Counsel and Legal Consultant, ICC, Special Tribunal for Lebanon (STL) and IRMCT



Amélie Becquart Special Advisor on International Criminal Justice, Legal Directorate of the French Ministry of European and Foreign Affairs



Judge Gabriele Bienemann Judge, Nuremberg Higher Regional Court; former Prosecutor, Public Prosecutor's Office in Nuremberg



Dr Gleb Bogush Postdoctoral Research Fellow. Centre of Excellence for International Courts (iCourts), University of Copenhagen



Nicolai Bülte Legal Trainee, Marburg Regional Court and Researcher in (International) Criminal Law



Kamran Choudhry Trial Lawyer, ICC; former Legal Officer, International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda (ICTR) and Special Court for Sierra Leone (SCSL)



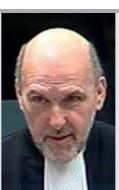
Matthew Cross Appeals Counsel, ICC



Dr Manfred Dauster Former (Presiding) Judge, Supreme Court of Bavaria and Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina; currently Lecturer, University of Saarland, Saarbrücken



Prof. Dr Markus Krajewski Professor of Public International Law, Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nuremberg; Chairperson of the Board of Trustees of the German Institute for Human Rights



Peter Kremer Former Director of Appeals Section and acting Deputy Prosecutor with the Office of the Prosecutor of the ICTY



Judge Dr Monika Meinke Judge, Nuremberg Higher Regional Court; former Public Prosecutor



Judge Nicolas Guillou Pre-Trial Judge, Kosovo Specialist Chambers (KSC); former Chef de Cabinet to the President, STL



Francis Henry Lecturer and Coordinator of the Legal Language Programme, Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nuremberg



Megan Hirst Legal Representative of Victims in various ICC proceedings; former International Lead Co-Lawyer for Civil Parties at the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia (ECCC)



Sanyu Annabelle Ndagire Assistant Legal Officer and First Focal Point for Gender, Office of the Prosecutor, ICC



Judge Daniel D.N. Nsereko Former Judge of the Appeals Chamber, STL; former Judge of the Appeals Chamber, ICC



Yulia Nuzban Associate Trial Lawyer, ICC



Judge Dr Isabel Hörtreiter Presiding Judge at the Nuremberg-Fürth District Court; former Prosecutor at the Prosecutor's Office of Nuremberg-Fürth; former official at the Permanent Mission of Germany to the United Nations



Prof. Bradley J. Huestis Senior Civilian Attorney at 7th US Army Training Command; former Chief of Military Justice at Multinational Corps Iraq



Dr Emilie Hunter Deputy Director, Case Matrix Network



Marie O'Leary Counsel/Legal Adviser, ICC's Office of Public Counsel for the Defence; former President, Association of Defence Counsel Practising before the International Courts and Tribunals



Dr Gurgen Petrossian Lecturer of International Criminal Law and International Law, Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nuremberg; Senior Consultant on Business and Human Rights, S. Oliver Group



Dr Kevin Pike Lecturer and Legal Lexicographer, Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nuremberg



Judge Stephan Husemann Judge, Nuremberg Higher Regional Court



PhD Candidate and Research Associate, International Criminal Law Research Unit of Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nuremberg

Julia Klaus



Judge Joanna Korner CMG KC Judge, ICC; former Crown Court Judge in London



Judge Keith Raynor Circuit Judge in England and Wales; former Vice President, KSC; former Senior Assistant Prosecutor, ECCC



Dr Anna Richterova Public Prosecutor of the Prosecutor General's Office of the Czech Republic; currently seconded to the ICC as Trial Lawyer



Judge Bertram Schmitt Judge, ICC

Participating Universities



Row Chambers; former Defence Counsel, ICC



Jana Trapp Research Associate and Doctoral Candidate, Friedrich-Alexander University Erlangen-Nuremberg; Legal Trainee, Berlin Higher Regional Court



Natalie Von Wistinghausen Lawyer specialised in criminal defence and victims' representation; representative of Yazidi victims in ISIS cases before German Higher Regional Courts; representative of victims in the Al-Rahman case, ICC



Judge Manuela Zeller Judge, Nuremberg Higher Regional Court; former Prosecutor delegated to the German Central Office of the Judicial Authorities of the Federal States for the Investigation of National

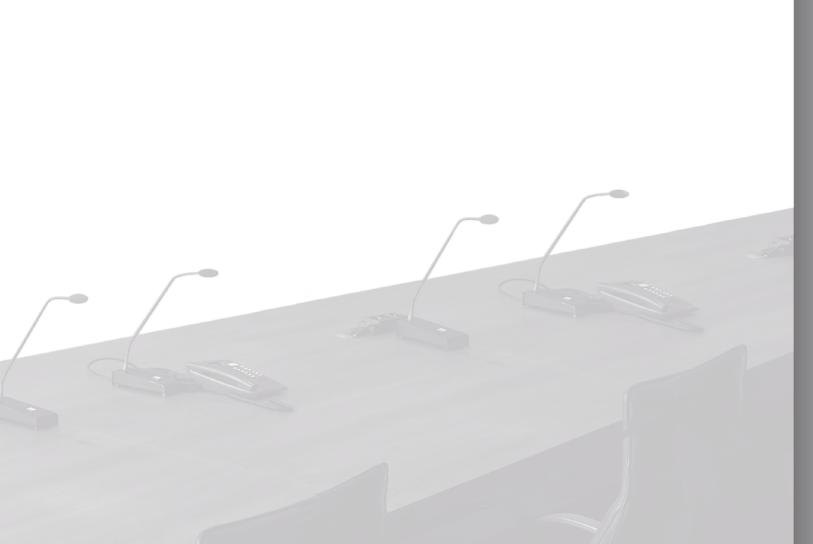
Socialist Crimes



- National University of Singapore

Australia

North America





Organisers

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With Kind Support of:









